

Achievement for All, Learning Together, Learning for Life









LKS2 Curriculum (Year 3 and 4)

Cycle 1

## KS2 Curriculum (Year 3 and 4)

# Cycle 1 INTENT

See Reading Curriculum Road Map for supplementary texts							
Term 1 Inventors and Inventions What would our lives be like without engineers?	Term 2  Local landscape  How has our local area been impacted by change?	Term 3  Dreams and Goals  What makes a dream?	Term 4 South America What kind of world do we want to create?	<b>Term 5 Ancient Greece</b> Fact, Legend or Myth?	Term 6 Ancient Greece How and Why do people try to make the world a better place?		
Core Texts: Rosie Revere by Andrea Beatty The Lost Thing by Shaun Tan	Core Texts: Just So Stories  By Kipling  John Agard and Grace Nicholls  poetry	Core Texts: Revolting Rhymes of Roald Dahl  Computing: 3.4 Touch typing	Core Texts: The Great Kapok Tree by Lynne Cherry The Vanishing Forest by Richard Platt	Core Texts: Icarus and Daedulus and Theseus and the Minotaur By Geraldine McCaughrean Percy Jackson and The Lightning	Core Texts: Non-fiction text about The Olympics and Paralympics Little People Big Dreams biographies		
Science: Forces and Magnets  Computing: 3.2 online safety 3.3	Science: Living things and their	Science: States of matter 1	Computing: 3.6 Branching	Thief  By Rick O'Riordan	Science: Sound		
spreadsheets	Computing: 3.5 Email	Geography: How would you describe the geography of the UK?	Science: Animals including	Computing: 4.10 artificial intelligence 3.8 graphing	Computing: Coding L1 3.1		
History: Which inventions changed the way we live?	<b>History:</b> How has our local area been impacted by change?	DT: Textiles	humans  Geography: How do people live in	Science: States of Matter 2	L2 3.1 L2 4.1 L3 4.1		
DT: Technical design  RE: Understanding Christianity —	Geography: How did the losing the railway affect our area?	<b>RE: Islam:</b> How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim.	South America?  History: Who were the Mayans	<b>History:</b> Ancient Greece: fact, legend or myth?	L4 4.1 L1 4.1  Geography: How has the		
Creation and the Fall: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Art: Drawing and printing, exploring patterns	<b>Music:</b> Musical world of Roald  Dahl	and why should we study them?  Art: Amazonian painting	Art: Greek Art  RE: Judaism: How do festivals	geography of Greece shaped its people?		
Music: Samba band/ make own	RE Understanding Christianity –	<b>PSHE:</b> Dreams and Goals	RE: Understanding Christianity –	and family life show what matters to Jewish people.	DT: Greek food		
instruments  PSHE: Being me in the world	People of GOD What is it like for someone to follow God?	<b>Thrive:</b> Motivation for developing skills	Gospel What kind of world did Jesus want?	Music: Composing graphic scores	<b>RE:</b> How and Why do people try to make the world a better place?		
<b>Thrive:</b> Understanding the need for rules	Music: Jungle book/ Christmas songs	PE: Dance (Unit 2)	Music: Sending musical messages  PSHE: Healthy Me	<b>PSHE:</b> Relationships <b>Thrive:</b> Developing morals and values	PSHE: Changing Me Thrive: Motivation for developing skills		
PE: Rugby  French: All about me	PSHE: Celebrating Difference Thrive: Developing morals and values	French: Petit Chaperon rouge (Little Red Riding Hood)	<b>Thrive:</b> Understanding the need for rules	PE: Athletics	<b>Music</b> : Production songs		
	PE: Gymnastics (Unit 2)		PE: Vollyball	French: L'ancienne histoire de la Grande-Bretagne	PE: OAA		
	<b>French:</b> Les forms (Shapes)		French: Les nombres (Numbers) and Le calcul (Calculations)	(Ancient Britain)	French: Cultural lessons		
Hans Christian Oersted William Gilbert Thomas Edison	Matisse Jane Goodall Steve Irwin	<mark>Roald Dahl</mark> Bernard Palissy	Henri Rousseau Dan Fenelon	Mary Anning Elizabeth Philpott	Heinrich Hertz		
Alexandra Graeme Bell Hedy Lamarr		Little people big dreams linked to England Ireland, Scotland Wales					

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6		
Energising Engineers and Incredible Inventions	Where in the World are we?	Roald Dahl	Amazon Adventures	Ancient Greece	Ancient Greece		
Literacy genres  (adaptable according to needs and interests of children)							
Key Texts:, Frank Einstein and the Antimatter Motor, The Lost Thing, Non-fiction, Rosie Revere: Engineer  Frank Einstein  Rosie Revere Engineer  Newton  Biographies about a famous engineer  Charlie and the Chocolate Factory – write report based on one of the rooms that they make the sweets in  Instructions – how to operate an incredible invention	Key Texts: Kipling, Just So Stories, Own version of just so stories (Tinga tinga tales BBC I player) Stories from other cultures Poetry by local poets – Grace Nicholls and Johnathan Aygard	Key Texts: The Giraffe, the Pelly and Me; The Magic Finger, Character descriptions of a character Revolting Rhymes –write their own	Key Texts: The Great Kapok Tree,  Non-chronological reports about the Amazon rainforest  Short narratives based on The Explorer	Key Texts: Percy Jackson and the Lightening Thief (? – maybe too tricky have as guided reader)  Icarus and Daedalus  Write own myth  Turn a myth into a play script	Greek Mythology,  Theseus and the Minotaur  Non Chronological report on modern Greece – the Olympics New sports added in – can they write a persuasive letter to accept a new sport into the Olympics/ Paralympics Little People Big Dreams series (Ellie Simmonds) for an athlete		
awatto)			themes				
			g to needs of children) m <u>https://whiterosemaths.com</u>				
	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division B	Fractions	Fractions	Statistics		
Place Value	<b>Measurement</b> Y4 Area	<b>Measurement</b> Length, perimeter and area	<b>Measurement</b> Mass and Capacity	<b>Decimals</b> Including Money	<b>Geometry</b> Properties of shape, position		
Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division A	Fractions  Y4 Decimals	Decimals  Consolidation	<b>Measurement</b> Time	and direction  Consolidation		

	T 2				
<b>Term 1</b> Forces and Magnets	<b>Term 2</b> Living things and their habitats	<b>Term 3</b> States of matter 1	<b>Term 4</b> Animals including humans	<b>Term 5</b> States of matter 2	<b>Term 6</b> Sound
Compare how things move on different surfaces  Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance  Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others  Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet and identify some magnetic materials  Describe magnets as having two poles  Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing	Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways  Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment  Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.	Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases  Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius  Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.  Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases  Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius	Identify that animals including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat  Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement  Find out about how different parts of the body have special functions	Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock  Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.	Identify how sounds are made, associating them with somethin vibrating  Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear  Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it.  Find patterns between the volum of a sounds and the strength of the vibrations that produced it.  Recognise that sounds get fainte as the distance from the sound source increases.
	<u>\</u>	<b>Norking Scientifica</b>	lly skills: Implementation	,	
Working scientifically:	Working scientifically:	Working scientifically:	Working scientifically:	Working scientifically:	Working scientifically:
Fair test	Group and classify	Predicting	Asking questions	Observing	Scientific questioning
Recording results	Presenting results	Method and equipment	Method and equipment	Classifying and sorting	Taking measurements
Explaining Conclusions	Asking questions	Taking Measurements	Grouping and classifying	Measuring Conclusions	Presenting results
Observing	Explaining Conclusions	Identifying information	So what?	Present results	Predicting
Identifying important information		So what?			Fair test
		Safety			Suggesting improvements

		<u>Scientific Knowle</u>	<u>dge Gained:</u>		
Fo know that magnets have north and south poles and that opposites attract.	To know and identify the seven life processes.  To know how to use/create a	To know the stages of the water cycle.  To know and understand the	To know what animals and humans need to survive (MRS GREN).  To know how animals can be	To know how soils are formed.  To know how fossils are formed	To know that sounds are create by vibrations.
To notice that there are always two objects involved in a force – one that exerts the force, which acts on	classification and key to identify living things.	vocabulary linked to the stages of the water cycle.	grouped depending on their characteristics.	over time.  To identify different soils.	To know the structure of the ea  To know that vibrations from sounds travel through a mediu
something else. Fo know that some forces need contact between 2 objects, but	To name and sort into the 5 main animal groups.  To identify/classify living things	To know what solids, liquids and gases are and the differences between them.	To know the names of some bones in a human body and describe how they protect parts of the body.	To recognise soils are made of rocks and organic matter.	to the ear  To know that higger vibrations lead to louder sounds.
nagnetic forces can act at a distance. Fo know that friction is a force	in their local environment.  To know the effect that human activity has on the environment.	To know what solids, liquids and gases are and the differences between them.	To compare the skeletons of different animals and know why these are different.		To know and understand high and low pitch.
when 2 surfaces rub together.  Fo carry out simple tests to see how the strength of the force varies.		To know that water freezes at 0 degrees and boils at 100 degrees.  To know the particles structure in Solid, Liquid and Gas.	To know how muscles help movement in the body.  To know different food groups and how they affect our bodies.		To find patterns between the pitch/volume of a sound and features of the object that produced it/strength of vibratio
To try out ways of slowing things down e.g. braking on a bicycle, the effect of friction between surfaces.					To know that sounds gets faint when the distance from the sound source changes.

<u>Computing skills:</u> <u>Implementation</u>							
<b>Term 1</b> Unit 3.2 Online safety Unit 3.3 Spreadsheets	<b>Term 2</b> Unit 3.5 Email	Term 3 Unit 3.4 Touch typing	Term 4 Unit 3.6 Branching Databases	<b>Term 5</b> Unit 4.10 Artificial intelligence Unit 3.8 Graphing	Term 6 Coding L1 3.1 L2 3.1 L1 4.1 L2 4.1 L3 4.1 L4 4.1		
Online Safety To know what makes a safe password, how to keep passwords safe and the consequences of giving your passwords away.  To understand how the Internet can be used to help us to communicate effectively.  To understand how a blog can be used to help us communicate with a wider audience  To consider if what can be read on websites is always true.  To look at a 'spoof' website.  To create a 'spoof' webpage.  To think about why these sites might exist and how to check that the information is accurate  To learn about the meaning of age restrictions symbols on digital media and devices. • To discuss why PEGI restrictions exist.  To know where to turn for help if they see inappropriate content or have inappropriate contact from others.  Spreadsheets To add and edit data in a table layout.  To find out how spreadsheet programs can automatically create graphs from data.	To think about the different methods of communication  To open and respond to an email.  To write an email to someone from an address book  To learn how to use email safely.  To learn how to use email safely.  To add an attachment to an email  To explore a simulated email scenario.	To introduce typing terminology.  To understand the correct way to sit at the keyboard.  To learn how to use the home, top and bottom row keys.  To practice and improve typing for home, bottom, and top rows.  To practice the keys typed with the left hand.  To practice the keys typed with the right hand.	To sort objects using just YES/NO questions  To complete a branching database using 2Question  To create a branching database of the children's choice.	To understand the basic concept of artificial intelligence.  To identify real-life examples of artificial intelligence.  To recognise the impact of artificial intelligence in daily life.  To recap what is meant by the terminology artificial intelligence.  To explore how artificial intelligence can assist and benefit us in various aspects of daily life.  To understand the potential applications and impact of AI in the future.  To encourage critical thinking and creativity when thinking about the future of AI.  To understand how artificial intelligence is being used to create music and art.  To use artificial intelligence to create music and art.  Graphing Introducing 2Graph  Using 2Graph in an investiagtion.	To review previous coding knowledge.  To understand what a flowchart is and how flowcharts are used in computer programming.  To understand that there are different types of timers.  To be able to select the right type of timer for a purpose.  To begin to understand selection in computer programming.  To understand how an IF statement works.  To understand how an IF statement works.  To understand how an IF statement works.  To understand the Repeat until command.  To begin to understand selection in computer programming.  To understand the Repeat until command.  To begin to understand selection in computer programming.  To understand how an IF/ELSE statement works.  To review coding vocabulary and knowledge.  To create a simple computer program.		

To introduce the 'more than',	,				
'less than' and 'equals' tools.	1			1	
- to the declaration of					
To introduce the 'spin' tool and show how it can be used to					
count through times tables.				1	
Courte an ough writes whites.				1	
To introduce the Advanced mode				1	
of 2Calculate.				1	
_					
To learn about describing cells				1	
using their addresses					
		Computing Knowle	<u>edge Gained:</u>		
Online Safety	Email	Touch Typing	Branching Databases	Artificial intelligence	Coding
Children understand what	Children can list a range of	Children understand the names of the	Children understand how YES/NO	Children can define artificial	Children can read and explain a
makes a good password for use	different ways to	fingers.	questions are structured and	intelligence in their own words.	flowchart
on the Internet.	communicate.		answered.		
		Children understand what is meant by		Children can identify at least three	Children can use a flowchart to
Children are beginning to realise	Children can use 2Connect to	the home, bottom, and top rows.	Children have used YES/NO	examples of artificial intelligence.	create a computer program.
the outcomes of not keeping	highlight the strengths and	COURT In the second that addition to	questioning to play a simple game	Child I Committee of	01.11.1
passwords safe.	weaknesses of each method.	Children have developed the ability to touch type the home, bottom, and top	with a friend.	Children can define artificial	Children can create a computer program that uses click events
Children can contribute to a	Children can open an email	rows	Children can explain why they	intelligence.	program that uses cuck events and timers.
concept map of all the different	and respond to it.	10WS	choose a particular question to split	Children can understand where AI	ulu ulusis.
ways they know that the	and isspected to	Children can use two hands to type the	their database.	can help us in our daily lives.	Children can create a program
Internet can help us to	Children have sent emails to	letters on the keyboard.	Children have contributed to a class		that uses a timer-after command
communicate.	other children in the class.	Children can touch type using the left	branching database about fruit.	Children can use critical thinking	Children can create a program
Children have contributed to a	Children have written rules	hand.	Children have completed a	and creativity in envisioning the	that uses a timer-every command
class blog with clear and	about how to stay safe using	Children can touch type using the right	branching database about	future of AI.	
appropriate messages	email.	hand.	vegetables.	Oli II	Children understand there can be
Children understand that some	Children have contributed to		Children can charge a cuitable tanic	Children can express their ideas about the future of AI.	different ways to solve a problem.
information held on websites	children have contributed to classmates' rules.		Children can choose a suitable topic for a branching database.	about the juture of AL.	Children can create a program
may not be accurate or true.	Cussificaes Tures.		Joi di Branching dimining.	Children can collaborate effectively.	that includes an IF statement.
Thuy have be accurate of a co.	Children have created a quiz		Children can select and save	onthe of car contact and great any.	With trouted are 11 secretary
Children are beginning to	about email safety which		appropriate images.	Children can try to distinguish	Children can interpret a flowchart
understand how to search the	explores scenarios that they			between creative compositions made	that depicts an IF statement.
Internet and how to think	could come across in the		Children can create a branching	by humans and those made using	
critically about the results that	future.		database.	artificial intelligence.	Children can make use of the X
are returned.	Ol 31.1		Cliff I I I washing and	CLUL matificial	and Y attributes (properties) of
Children have accessed and	Children can attach work to an email.		Children know how to use and debug their own and others	Children can use artificial intelligence to create images and	objects in their coding.
assessed a 'spoof' website.	emaii.		branching databases.	intelligence to create images and music.	Children can create a program
Children have created their own	Children know what CC means		manag adamses.	music.	that includes an IF statement.
'spoof' webpage mock-up.	and how to use it. • Children			1	With the court of
1 3	can read and respond to a			Graphing	Children can read code that
Children have shared their	series of email				includes repeat until and IF/ ELSE
'spoof' web page on a class	communications.			Children can set up a graph with a	and explain how it works.
display board.				given number of fields.	
CLUL LINES COMMISSION OF THE C	Children can attach files			CLUL I what for a small	Children can create a program
Children can identify some physical and emotional effects of	appropriately and use email communication to explore			Children can enter data for a graph.	that includes an IF/ ELSE statement.
playing/watching inappropriate	ideas.			Children can produce and share	statement.
content/games.	tdeas.			graphs made on the computer.	Children can interpret a flowchart
Contain, garias.				graphs made on acc compass.	that depicts an IF/ ELSE
Children relate cyberbullying to				Children have solved a maths	statement.
bullying in the real-world and				question using graphing.	
		·	1		

have strategies for dealing with online bullying including screenshot and reporting.		Children can present the results in a range of graphical formats.	Children can explore different object types in 2Code. • Children can use a background and objects to create a scene.
Spreadsheets Children can create a table of data on a spreadsheet.		Children can use the sorting option to make analysis of their data easier.	Children can plan an algorithm for their scene and use 2Code to program it
Children can use a spreadsheet program to automatically create charts and graphs from data.			F 2
Children can use the 'more than', 'less than' and 'equals' tools to compare different numbers and help to work out solutions to calculations.			
Children can use the 'spin' tool to count through times tables.			
Children can describe a cell location in a spreadsheet using the notation of a letter for the column followed by a number for the row.			
Children can find specified locations in a spreadsheet.			

	History skills:	Implementation	
Term 1 Which inventions changed the way we live?	Term 2  How has our local area been impacted by change?	Term 4 Who were the Mayans and why should we study them?	<b>Term 5 and 6</b> Ancient Greece: fact, legend or myth?
Use an increasing range of common words and phrases relating to the passing of time	Use an increasing range of common words and phrases relating to the passing of time	Use an increasing range of common words and phrases relating to the passing of time	Use an increasing range of common words and phrases relating to the passing of time
Use sources of information in ways that go beyond simple observations to answer questions about the past	Describe memories of key events in his/her life using historical vocabulary	Use sources of information in ways that go beyond simple observations to answer questions about the past	Use sources of information in ways that go beyond simple observations to answer questions about the past
Use a variety of resources to find out about aspects of life in the past	Use sources of information in ways that go beyond simple observations to answer questions about the past	Use a variety of resources to find out about aspects of life in the past	Use a variety of resources to find out about aspects of life in the past
Communicate his/her learning in an organised and structured way, using appropriate terminology	Use a variety of resources to find out about aspects of life in the past	Place some historical periods in a chronological framework	Communicate his/her learning in an organised and structured way, using appropriate terminology
	Communicate his/her learning in an organised and structured way, using appropriate terminology	Describe a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history - one study chosen	Place some historical periods in a chronological framework  Use historic terms related to the period of study
	Place some historical periods in a chronological framework	from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; <b>Mayan civilization</b> c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300	Understand that sources can contradict each other
			Describe a study of Ancient Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world
	Historical Knowledg	no Cainada tarras	
To know who Alexander Graham Bell and what he invented.	To know how the local area has changed over the last 100 years (Ashdown Forest).	To know that lots of sources give us information about the past.	To know that sources can contradict each other.
To know who Thomas Eidson is and what he invented.	To know key invents in my own life.	To know the names of some historical periods in history and how they fit in a timeline.	To know how the Greeks impacted modern life.  To know some key figures who impacted the Ancient Greeks
To know the names of other inventors/engineers who's ideas have had an impact on society.	To know some key dates for the local area (e.g. church, school, shop openings)	To know who the Mayans are and what impact they had on my life.	To know where the Ancient Greeks fit into a timeline (including relating to Jesus' birth)
To know how my life has changed as a result of others.	To know significant events in the history of my village.  To know how different events in local history fit onto a timeline.	To how the Mayans lived and the differences and similarities to my life now.	To know the impact the Greeks had on the Olympics.
To know what day, week, fortnight, month, decade,	To know how events in local history have impacted modern life.		To know the difference between Greek and Mayan life.
century and millennium mean.			To know the names of some Greek gods and their myths.
			To know the difference and similarities between modern and Greek architecture.

Geographical skills: Implementation					
Term 2  How did the losing the railway affect our area?	Term 3  How would you describe the  Geography of the UK?	<b>Term 4</b> How do people live in South America?	Term 6  How has the geography of Greece shaped its people?		
Use ordnance survey maps to locate key geographical features Make more detailed fieldwork sketches/diagrams Use fieldwork instruments e.g. camera, rain gauge Identify physical and human features of the locality Recognise that different people hold different views about an issue and begin to understand some of the reasons why Demonstrate knowledge of features about places around them Know how the locality is set within a wider geographical context Plan the steps and strategies for an enquiry Draw accurate maps with more complex keys	<ul> <li>Identify where counties are within the UK</li> <li>Identify key topographical features using maps and atlases</li> <li>Name and locate the cities of the UK</li> <li>Use four figure grid references to locate key features</li> <li>Use the 8 points of a compass to describe features of the UK</li> <li>Make plans and maps to demonstrate features using symbols and keys</li> <li>Describe physical and human features of UK regions, cities and /or counties</li> <li>Know about the wider context of places region, country</li> <li>Explore features on OS maps using 6 figure grid references</li> <li>Draw accurate maps with more complex keys</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. make comparisons between locations using aerial photos/pictures e.g. population, temperatures etc.</li> <li>Recognise there are similarities and differences between places</li> <li>Understand the effect of landscape features on the development of a locality</li> <li>Understand climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts</li> <li>Describe how people have been affected by changes in the environment</li> <li>Know about the wider context of places region, country</li> <li>identify position and significance of Equator, Northern and Southern Hemisphere, Tropic of Cancer and Capricorn</li> </ul>	Make plans and maps using symbols and keys Identify physical and human features of the locality Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography Explain about weather conditions /patterns around Southern Europe Know about the wider context of places - region, country Draw accurate maps with more complex keys Explain about key natural resources e.g. water in the locality		
	Geographical Knowled	lge Gained: Impact			
<ul> <li>To know how to use ordinance survey maps of local area</li> <li>To know that different skills and instruments are needed for fieldwork</li> <li>To know how to ask geographical enquiry questions</li> <li>To know human and physical features of my local area and how they have changed</li> <li>To know how geographical change can have lasting impact on the local population</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know how to use the 8 compass points to describe features the UK</li> <li>To know which county I live in and know the names and locations of others.</li> <li>To know how to use geographical language to describe the UK</li> <li>To know key topographical features of the UK</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know where South America is located</li> <li>To know human and physical features of South America</li> <li>To know the pull and push factors of urban settlements</li> <li>To know there are similarities and differences between Brazil and the UK</li> <li>To know the impact of deforestation</li> <li>To know location of the rainforest biome is due to climate conditions at the equator</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know similarities and differences between ancient and modern Greece.</li> <li>To know the impact that the geography of Greece has on its people</li> <li>To know and name some Greek Islands.</li> <li>To know some landmarks in ancient and modern Greece.</li> </ul>		

	Art skills: Implementation	
Term 2 Drawing and printing, exploring patterns  Use a sketchbook for recording observations, for experimenting with techniques or planning out ideas  Experiment with different materials to create a range of effects and use these techniques in the completed piece of work  He/she is able to create a collage using overlapping and layering  Explain what he/she likes or dislikes about their work  Use a sketchbook for collecting ideas and developing a plan for a completed piece of artwork.  Draw familiar objects with correct proportions  Create different effects by using a variety of tools and techniques such as bleeds, washes, scratches and splashes  Experiment with creating mood, feeling, movement and areas of interest by selecting appropriate materials and learnt techniques  Use a variety of techniques e.g. marbling, silkscreen and cold water paste	Term 4  Amazonian painting  Use a sketchbook for recording observations, for experimenting with techniques or planning out ideas  Understand and identify key aspects such as complementary colours, colour as tone, warm and cold colours  Create printing blocks using relief or impressed techniques  Use a sketchbook for collecting ideas and developing a plan for a completed piece of artwork.  Experiment with creating mood, feeling, movement and areas of interest by selecting appropriate materials and learnt techniques  Use a variety of techniques e.g. marbling, silkscreen and cold water paste	Term 5 Greek Art  Use a sketchbook for recording observations, for experimenting with techniques or planning out ideas  Understand and identify key aspects such as complementary colours, colour as tone, warm and cold colours  Experiment with creating mood, feeling, movement and areas of interest by selecting appropriate materials and learnt techniques  Use a variety of techniques e.g. marbling, silkscreen and cold water paste
	Artistic Knowledge Gained: Impact	
<ul> <li>To know the names and works of some artists- knowing that different artists use different techniques e.g. Matisse to Know how to create a collage using overlapping and layering</li> <li>To know that art and colours can represent and evoke different emotions and use quick-print foam printing techniques.</li> <li>To know that mixing colours can create different colours and shades</li> <li>To know the meaning of proportion, accuracy and tonal shading.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know the names and works of some artists- knowing that different artists use different techniques e.g. Henri Rousseau &amp; Dan Fenelon</li> <li>To know the size of my brush will affect the stroke.</li> <li>To know how art and symbols were used by the Mayans to tell stories and share their culture. To know how to use tile block printing to develop Mayan artwork.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know how to use a variety of techniques e.g. marbling, silkscreen and cold water paste.</li> <li>To know the meaning of the words proportion, accuracy and tonal shading.</li> <li>To know why art was important to the Ancient Greeks and how it compares to now.</li> <li>To know a Greek myth, shown through artwork.</li> </ul>

Design and Technology skills: Implementation					
Term 1	Term 3	Term 6			
Technical design	Textiles	Clay Pots			
Use a sketchbook for recording observations, for experimenting with techniques or planning out ideas	Add detail to work using different types of stitch, including cross-stitch	Talk about the different food groups and name a selection of Greek foods from each group.			
	Experiment with different materials to create a range of effects and use				
Compare and recreate form of natural and manmade objects	these techniques in the completed piece of work	Understand that food has to be grown, farmed or caught in Europe and the wider world			
Use a sketchbook for collecting ideas and developing a plan for a completed piece of artwork	Explain what he/she likes or dislikes about their work	Use a wider variety of ingredients and techniques to prepare and combine			
	Print on fabrics using tie-dyes or batik	ingredients safely.			
Describe some of the key ideas, techniques and working practices		Understand what makes a healthy and balanced diet, and that different foods			
of artists, architects and designers who he/she has studied	Articulate how he/she might improve their work using technical terms and reasons as a matter of routine	and drinks provide different substances the body needs to be healthy and active.			
	Use taught technical skills to adapt and improve his/her work	Read and follow recipes which involve several processes, skills and techniques. Understand that hygiene is important when preparing food.			
	Design and Technological Knowledge Gained	 <u>d:</u>			
To know how to create an invention to solve a problem and that designing something first, with a prototype initially developed,	To know some different ways to join and work with fabric.	To know the importance of trying different foods and explain reasons why.			
creates a better final result.	To know how to thread a needle and secure it so the thread will not come	To know that trying foods from different countries and cultures expands their			
	loose.	experience of tastes and flavours.			
To know the names and work of designers- Dyson	To know how to do a basic running stitch	To know what kinds of ingredients are used in Greek food.			
	To know the successes and ways forward in my own work.				

### R.E. skills: Implementation

#### Term 1 Understanding Christianity -

Creation and the Fall: What do Christians learn from the Creation story?

#### Make sense of belief:

Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible's 'big story'

Make clear links between Genesis 1 and what Christians believe about God and Creation

Recognise that the story of 'the Fall' in Genesis 3 gives an explanation of why things go wrong in the world

#### Understand the impact:

Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator (e.g. follow God, wonder at how amazing God's creation is; care for the Earth - some specific ways)

Describe how and why Christians might pray to God, say sorry and ask for forgiveness

#### Make connections:

Ask questions and suggest answers about what might be important in the Creation story for Christians and for non-Christians living today.

#### Term 2 Understanding

Christianity - People of God. What is it like for someone to follow God?

#### Make sense of belief:

Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant

#### Understand the impact:

Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony

#### Make connections:

Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world.

#### Term 3

Islam - How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?

#### Make sense of belief:

Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1

Make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (e.g. how God is worth worshiping; how Muslims submit to God)

#### Understand the impact:

Give examples of *ibadah* (worship) in Islam (e.g. prayer, fasting, celebrating) and describe what they involve.

Make links between Muslim beliefs about God and a range of ways in which Muslims worship (e.g. in prayer and fasting, as a family and as a community, at home and in the mosque)

#### Make connections:

Raise questions and suggest answers about the value of submission and self-control to Muslims, and whether there are benefits for people who are not Muslims

Make links between the Muslim idea of living in harmony with the Creator and the need for all people to live in harmony with each other in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas.

#### Term 4

Understanding Christianity - Gospel. What kind of world did Jesus want?

#### Make sense of belief:

Identify texts that come from a Gospel, which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus

Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people'

Suggest ideas and then find out about what Jesus' actions towards outcasts mean for a Christian

#### Understand the impact:

Give examples of how Christians try to show love for all, including how Christian leaders try to follow Jesus' teaching in different ways

#### Make connections:

Make links between the importance of love in the Bible stories studied and life in the world today, giving a good reason for their ideas.

#### Term 5

Judaism - How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?

#### Make sense of belief:

Identify some Jewish beliefs about God, sin and forgiveness and describe what they mean

Make clear links between the story of the Exodus and Jewish beliefs about God and his relationship with the Jewish people

Offer informed suggestions about the meaning of the Exodus story for Jews today

#### Understand the impact:

Make simple links between Jewish beliefs about God and his people and how Jews live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom at festivals)

Describe how Jews show their beliefs through worship in festivals, both at home and in wider communities

#### Make connections:

Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and everyone else to remember the past and look forward to the future

Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven, being grateful, seeking freedom and justice in the world today, including pupils' own lives, and giving good reasons for their ideas.

#### Term 6

How and why do people try to make the world a better place?

#### Make sense of belief:

Identify some beliefs about why the world is not always a good place (e.g. Christian ideas of sin)

Make links between religious beliefs and teachings and why people try to live and make the world a better place

#### Understand the impact:

Make simple links between teachings about how to live and ways in which people try to make the world a better place (e.g. tikkun olam and the charity Tzedek)

Describe some examples of how people try to live (e.g. individuals and organisations)

Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into action

#### Make connections:

Raise questions and suggest answers about why the world is not always a good place, and what are the best ways of making it better

Make links between some commands for living from religious traditions, non-religious worldviews and pupils' own ideas

Express their own ideas about the best ways to make the world a better place, making links with religious ideas studied, giving good reasons for their views.

	R.E. Knowledge Gained: Impact						
To know that Christians believe that:	To know that the Old Testament tells the story of a	To know the meaning of the words 'Islam' and 'Muslim'.	To know Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live – he	To know that Rosh Hashanah is the Jewish New Year	To know some ways in which the world is not such a good place.		
God the creator cares for the creation, including human beings	particular group of people, the children of Israel known	To know how Surah 1 (chapter 1)	sets the example for loving God and your neighbour, putting others first	festival.	To know that Christians, believe God		
	as the People of God – and their relationship with God.	of the Qur'an tells Muslims about what God is like.	To know that Christians believe Jesus	To know that Yom Kippur is 'The Day of Atonement'.	helps them through the Holy Spirit and Muslims believe people do good		
As human beings are part of God's good creation, they do best when	·		challenges people who pretend to be good	3 ,	and bad deeds.		
they listen to God.	To know the People of God try to live in the way God	To know why Muslims pray and what happens in prayer.	(hypocrisy) and shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people.	To know the story of the Passover.	To know that rules are important for		
The Bible shows that God wants to be close to him – he keeps his	wants, following his commands and worshipping	To know how praying in the	To know that Christians believe Jesus' life	To know how Passover is	all people, not just those who follow religion.		
relationship with them, gives them guidance on good ways to live (such	him.	mosque is different to praying at home.	shows what it means to love God and love your neighbour	celebrated in Jewish homes.	To know that there are ideas and		
as the Ten Commandments)	To know that they believe he promises to stay with them	To know what Ramadan is and	To know that Christians try to be like Jesus	To know that Jewish people follow the Ten Commandments	individuals that help inspire people to make the world a better place.		
Building Block from EYFS: Christians	and Bible stories show how God keeps his promises.	why Muslims fast.	– they want to know him better and better	and what these are.			
believe that God made our wonderful world and everything in it and so we should look after it.		To know what happens at Eid-	To know that Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots	To know some Jewish prayers.	To know about the lives of inspirational Christians (e.g. Desmond Tutu, Martin Luther King		
stome wook after the		ul-Fitr and to know why Muslims celebrate the end of Ramadan.	of ways, from church worship to social justice.		Jr)		
		Kumuun			To know how Christian Aid and Islamic Relief help people around the world.		

Musical skills:	Implementation
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		<u>I Tusicai Skiii</u>	<u> Implementation</u>		
<b>Term 1</b> Samba band/ make own instruments	<b>Term 2</b> Jungle book/ Christmas songs	<b>Term 3</b> Musical world of Roald Dahl	Term 4 Sending musical messages	Term 5 Composing graphic scores	<b>Term 6</b> Production songs
Recognise a range of musical instruments  Find the pulse within the context	Listen with direction to a range of high quality music Begin to listen to and recall sounds with increasing aural	Listen with direction to a range of high quality music	Understand that composition is when a composer writes down and records a musical idea	Listen with direction to a range of high quality music	Listen to and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
of different songs/music with ease  Copy increasingly challenging rhythms using body percussion and un-tuned instruments where	memory  Sing songs with multiple parts with increasing confidence	Listen to and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	Develop an understanding of formal, written notation which includes crotchets and rests  Develop an understanding of	Understand that composition is when a composer writes down and records a musical ideas	Sing as part of an ensemble with confidence and precision
appropriate Understand that improvisation is when a composer makes up a tune within boundaries	Recognise and explore a range of musical styles and traditions and know their basic style indicators Use musical language to appraise a piece or style of music	Sing songs with multiple parts with increasing confidence	formal, written notation which includes minims and quavers	Recognise a range of musical instruments and the different sounds they make	Sing songs with multiple parts with increasing confidence
Play and perform in solo or ensemble contexts with increasing confidence	a passo or edge of masso	Confidently recognise and explore a range of musical styles and traditions and know their basic style indicators		Confidently recognise and explore a range of musical styles and traditions and know their basic style indicators	
		Use musical language to appraise a piece or style of music		Use musical language to appraise a piece or style of music	
				Understand that texture describes the layers of sound in music	
		Musical Knowled	lge Gained: Impact		
To know a range of musical instruments and the sounds they make.	To know a range of musical instruments and the sounds they make.	To know a range of musical instruments and the sounds they make.	To know some of the formal written notation of music including crotchets, rests, minims and quavers	To know the words 'composition' and 'composer' in a musical context.	To know how to sing with confidence and expression  To know how to describe the
To know the words 'pulse', 'rhythm' and 'improvisation' in a musical context. To know some musical language (Dynamics, Pitch, Tempo, Duration)	To know a range of musical styles and their basic style indicators.  To know how to sing with confidence and expression	To know a range of musical styles and their basic style indicators.  To know how to sing with confidence and expression	To know how to set words to a simple melody	To know a range of musical instruments and the sounds they make. To know some musical language (Dynamics, Pitch, Tempo, Duration, Texture)	structure of songs accurately  To know how to keep a separate part going when performing multiple parts as a group

P.S.H.E skills:	<b>Implementation</b>
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<b>Term 1</b> Being Me in My World (3)	<b>Term 2</b> Celebrating Difference (3)	<b>Term 3</b> Dreams and Goals (3)	<b>Term 4</b> Healthy Me (3)	<b>Term 5</b> Relationships (3)	Term 6 Changing Me (3 & 4)
Piece 1 Recognise my worth and identify positive things about myself and my achievements.  Set personal goals Piece 2 Face new challenges positively, make responsible choices and ask for help when I need it Piece 3 Understand why rules are needed and how they relate to rights and responsibilities Piece 4 Understand that my actions affect myself and others and I care about other people's feelings Piece 5 Begin to understand how to make responsible choices and act on them Piece 6 Understand how my actions affect others and understanding how to see things from their points of view Zones of regulation Begin to use and practise calming techniques to calm my body and mind  Use the zones grid to identify how I feel (for KS2)  Begin to use more detailed language to describe my feelings Begin to create and use a 'toolbox' to identify strategies to self-regulate  Use the size of the problem to categorise situations and consider how to manage them, preventing catastrophizing and reducing /managing anxiety	Piece 1 Understand that everybody's family is different and important to them Piece 2 Understand that differences and conflicts sometimes happen among family members Piece 3 Understand what it means to be a witness to bullying Piece 4 Understand that being witness to a situation can make it better or worse Piece 5 Recognise that words can be used in hurtful ways Piece 6 Understand that my words can affect someone's feelings and he consequence of it	Piece 1 Understand the challenges faced by people when they achieve success Piece 2 Identify an ambition that is important to me Piece 3 Understand the process when taking on a new challenge and what the best way for me to achieve it is Piece 4 Understand what motivates me to achieve a challenge Piece 5 Understand the obstacles I may come to when trying to achieve something and how to overcome them Piece 6 Evaluate and reflect on my own learning process	Piece 1 Understand how exercise affects my body and the importance of my heart and lungs. Piece 2 Understand the affect that the amount of calories, fats and sugar has on my body Piece 3 Explain my attitude and understanding of drugs. Piece 4 Identify things, people and places that I need to keep safe from Understand strategies for keeping myself safe, who can help and how to call emergency services. Piece 5 Understand when I feel safe and unsafe. Piece 6 Understand how complex my body is and the importance of taking care of it	Piece 1 Identify the roles and responsibilities of family members and reflect on expectations for males and females Piece 2 Understand and practice the skills of friendship Piece 3 Understand strategies for keeping myself safe online Piece 4 Understand how the actions and work of people around the word help and influence my life Piece 5 Understand how my needs and rights are shared by children around the world and identify how our lives may be different Piece 6 Begin to express my appreciation to my friends and family	Piece 1 understand that animals and humans lots of changes happen between birth and growing up, and that usually it is the female who has the baby Piece 2 Understand how babies grow and develop in the mother's uterus Understand what a baby needs to live and grow Piece 3 Understand that boys' and girls' bodies need to change so that when they grow up their bodies can make babies Identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the outside during this growing up process Piece 4 Identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and why these changes are necessary so that bodies can make babies when they grow up Piece 5 Recognise any stereotypical ideas about parenting and family rotes Piece 6 Identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class Year 4 Piece 1 Understand that some of my personal characteristics have come from my birth parents and that this happens because I am made from joining their egg and sperm Piece 2 Understand the internal and external parts of male and female

					bodies that are necessary for making a baby Piece 3 Describe how a girl's body changes for her to be able to have babies when she is an adult, and that menstruation (having periods) is a natural part of this Piece 4 Understand how the circle of change works apply it to changes I want to make in my life Piece 5 Identify changes that have been and may continue to be outside of my control Piece 6 Identify what I am looking forward to when I move to a new class
		• P.S.H.E Knowle	edge Gained: Impact		
To know mine and others value	To use more detailed language to describe feelings	To use more detailed language to describe feelings	To use more detailed language to describe feelings	To use more detailed language to describe feelings	To use more detailed language to describe feelings
To know how it feels to be happy, sad, scared and identify this in others	To know how to use strategies to calm myself and come up with solutions	To know how to break down a goal into manageable steps	To know how to make healthy life choices	To know how to negotiate situations to come to a win-win	To begin to describe how I feel about changes in me
To know how to make others feel valued	To know ways of helping make others feel better	To know my own role in achieving my goals	To express my thoughts about drugs	To know who to ask for help if I am worried	To know strategies, I can use to help me cope with physical and emotional changes
To know that my actions have rewards/consequences.	To know how to give and receive compliments	To know how to tackle obstacles when they arise	To know how to keep myself and others safe	To show an awareness of how my choices affect others	To reflect on changes I am approaching and how I face them
To work collaboratively in a group					

## P.E. skills: Implementation

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Rugby	Gymnastic	Dance	Volleyball	Athletics	OAA
Γσ use speed to run past defenders.	To perform Japana	To perform a dance phrase inspired	To send a ball in a seated	Jumping and hopping	To use clear communication,
How to use a short pass in a		by the ocean's depths.	volleyball position.	sequences.	strength and flexibility to
jame.	To use bounces and broad jumps in a				complete a task.
	sequence.	To use improvisation to create a	To receive a high ball over our	To run at different speeds.	
Fo use agility to evade being		longer movement phrase.	heads.		To work with others to
agged	Tσ attempt a half-lever.			To approach and jump	complete map-reading tasks.
		To use dynamics in a short group	To serve overarm.	hurdles.	
σ understand and apply the tag	To transition from a Japana to another shape	dance to show travelling on the			To draw and create a clear
Protocol in game situations.	with control.	ocean.	Techniques to move in seated volleyball	To throw a javelin using the pull-throw technique.	route on a map for others to follow.
o close down an attacker's space	Stretches while moving and when we are still	To perform as a class to show the			
ıs a defender.	to increase our flexibility.	damage that can be caused to the	The value of cooperation to	A variety of skipping	To work with others and
•		ocean.	achieve a task.	techniques.	identify what went well and
o perform a backward pass to	To show strength, flexibility and control in our				what we could do to improve
continue an attack.	sequence.	To work as a group to develop a	To make contacts on the ball	To keep score accurately over a	
		dance representing the ocean.	before returning overhead.	range of events.	To use the outside of the foot
σ use accurate passes to create an	To perform a weighted bunny hop showing				to control the ball and dribble
uttack as a team.	control and balance.	To prepare our group dance for the	The principle of 'three contacts'	To challenge ourselves in	
		final performance.	in pair's volleyball.	running, jumping and	To safely take part in trust-
Γσ pick the ball up from the floor &	An arabesque balance and over-the-shoulder			throwing tasks	based activities.
run with it to start an attack.	roll.	To communicate the theme of a	To move about the court and		
	To identify and engage core muscles for	snake through our dance actions.	anticipate where the ball will be	To accelerate over short	To work collaboratively to
To keep possession of the ball and	stability.	Towns dominates and formations	played.	distances.	complete a problem-solving
puild an attack.	Sanding.	To use dynamics and formations	To give our partner more time to	Tarana and inner miner and	task.
Γσ evade being tagged.	To smoothly transition from a front support to	in our dance to help us tell a story.	react by throwing the ball	To run and jump using one- footed take-off.	To work collaboratively to
To evalue being tagged.	side support.	To use space, travel and floor	higher.	jootea take-ojj.	create shapes whilst
To use changes of speed to create	Sittle Supports	patterns to enhance the dance.	Tagrees:	To use a sling action to throw	blindfolded.
gaps to run into.	To perform a shoulder stand with control.	patterns to entitative the durice.	To move to the net to receive the	a discus.	Burtajotaea
Japa to Tarvator		To develop our choreography skills.	ball from our partner.		To name and recognise the
To create attacking opportunities in	To combine all elements of this unit, showing			To run on a curve and	cardinal points of the
competitive games.	smooth transitions.	To work in a small group to create	To move close to the net, ready	exchange a baton in our team	compass.
. 3		contact movements.	to receive the ball.	3	·
				To apply the skills we have	To complete an orienteering
		To use peer evaluation to improve	To serve underarm with correct	developed in a competitive	task calmly under time
		each other's work.	volleyball technique	way.	pressure.
					To work with a partner to use
					a map to follow a course.
					To recognise and recall
					common map symbols from c
					key.

	P.E. Knowledge Gained: Impact						
Head – Decide on ways to improve a piece of team play.	Head — Identify 'core' muscles and use them to improve the quality of shapes and actions.	Head – Suggest how professional work shapes our own.	Head — Communicate as a pair to consistently perform 3 contacts.	Head – Decide on ways to improve, run, jumps and throws and implement	Head — Plan and refine strategies to solve problems.		
Hand – Play using passing back and sideways rules.  Heart – Recognise how playing as part of a team can improve your communication skills	Hand – Develop an increased range of actions and shapes to use in more complex sequences.  Heart – Show maturity when watching others' sequences.	Hand — Use devices to change actions individually.  Heart — Show sensitivity to a dance idea/theme or story.	Hand - Perform a rainbow pass with accuracy.  Heart - Suggest why pairs volleyball is an inclusive sport.	changes.  Hand – Throw a variety of objects, demonstrating accuracy.  Heart – Work with others to score and record distance and times accurately	Hand – Use maps, symbols and compass confidently to navigate.  Heart – Work well as part of a team or group within a well-defined role.		

French skills:	<b>Implementation</b>
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**Term 1 J'apprends le français**(I Am Learning French)

Term 2 Les formes (Shapes) **Term 3 Petit Chaperon rouge**(Little Red Riding Hood)

Term 4
Les nombres
(Numbers) and Le calcul
(Calculations)

Term 5 L'ancienne histoire de la Grande-Bretagne (Ancient Britain)

Term 6 Cultural Lessons

Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding

Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words

Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help

Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures

Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases

Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences\*

Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing

Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language

Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary

Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly

Describe people, places, things and actions orally\* and in writing

Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English

		<u>French Knowled</u>	<u>ge Gained:</u>		
To know how to greet others in French.  To know how to respond appropriately to questions asked about myself in French.  To know how to count to 10  To know how to count to co  To know how to say colours in French	To know how to say 10 shapes and their correct determiners in French  To be able to revise numbers 1-5 in French and express how many of each shape I can use  To be able to say the 2 determiners for 'a' in French.	To know how to say 8 key words in French from the story of Little Red Riding Hood.  To know how to say 8 parts of the body in French.  To know how to use decoding skills to help learn more words from the story of Little Red Riding Hood.	To know how to count to 10 in French  To know how to count to 20 in French  To know how to count to 100 in French  To know how to do simple calculations in French	To know the the 6 key periods of Ancient Britain in French.  To know how to use the high frequency verb 'j'ai' (I have) in French.  To know how to use the high frequency verb 'je suis' (I am) in French.  To know how to use the high frequency verb 'j'habite' (I live) in French.	To know about the Nice Carnival To know about the Fete des Rois To know about Le Poisson d'avril To know about Bastille Day To know how France celebrate Remembrance Day

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Using your body over the styles Getting ready independently	Compass and map skills to the woods.  Learning to find North on a	Danny the Champion of the world: pheasants, woodland Features of upper canopy, mid and woodland floor.	Exploring the stream in the woods/ looking at the River Medway as a comparison to the Amazon	3D map Games: you are only safe giants, wizards, elves games,	Water conservations looking at the river Medway, longer walk round and across
Foraging for wild fruit and harvest- blackberries	Making 3d maps of the village/ the woods		Emergence of spring, new shoots	parachute games  Making shelters in the woods.	the river  Using tools- peelers to whittle wood
Shapes of flowers Using blackberries to make paint to draw			identifying trees in winter first blossoms, Identifying birds and eggs	Knot tying  Making rain gauges and  monitoring rain fall at Forest	Making with clay, drying it or the fire,
•			Easter bonnets out of ivy and sticky weed	School site.	Making and using charcoal to decorate with clay.

Forest School Knowledge Gained and Impact seen in weekly <u>newsletter</u> updates.